

# **laFOGLIA**500

*For product specifications, materials and colours, please refer to the details inside*

# laFoglia 500

## Technical data

### ACCESSIBILITY



#### Timeless

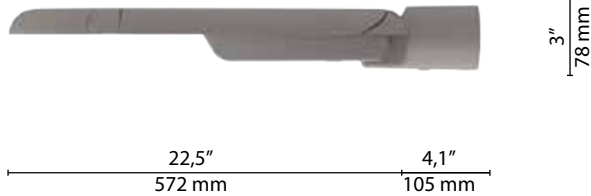
Tool-free openable fixture. Replaceable internal components without the need of tools.

### OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY



#### Glassed

Refracting optical system consist of singlechip LED, PMMA lenses with 30 years of warranty against UV and yellowing by aging, aluminium reflector having a purity of 99,7% and extra clear tempered glass.



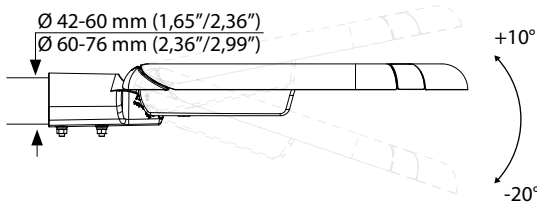
Scale: 1:10

<b>Max. weight</b>	<b>EPA (CXS)</b>
14,3 lb (6,5 Kg)	Plan: 1,8ft <sup>2</sup> (0,17 m <sup>2</sup> )

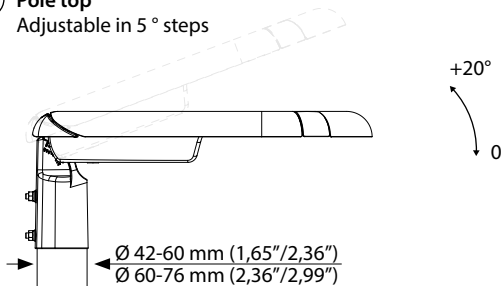
### FIXING TYPE



**Side**  
Adjustable in 5° steps



**Pole top**  
Adjustable in 5° steps



### STANDARD

Compliance: UL Standard 1598-CSA C22,2no.250.0.

### CONFORMITY | PROTECTION

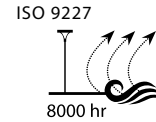
#### Conformity



#### Safety class



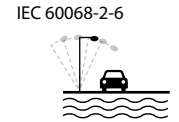
#### Salt spray test



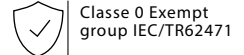
#### Protection classes



#### Vibration test passed



#### Photobiological safety



### PLUS



### LIGHTING FIXTURE FEATURES

#### General features

Power source:	120-277V   50/60Hz   tolerance +/-10%
Current supply:	350 mA   525 mA   700 mA   1050 mA (P <sub>max</sub> = 117W)
Power Factor   THD:	≥0.95   <10 % (At full load)
Expected life (Ta=77°F 25°C):	> 100.000 h   L90B10   @ LED 350mA
Operational temperature (Ta):	T <sub>min</sub> = -40°F (-40°C)   T <sub>max</sub> = 131°F (55°C)   700 mA 122°F (50°C)   1050 mA
Storage temperature:	-40°F/+176°F (-40°C/+80°C)
Overcharge protection:	Main surge immunity up to 10kV
Disconnecter:	Optional
Standard functions:	Current fixed   Virtual midnight   CLO

#### Materials

Lighting fixture:	Die cast aluminium   EN1706
Optical system:	Optics in PMMA Aluminium reflector, 99.7% oxidised and polished purity
Screen:	Screen-printed ultraclear tempered glass   Th. 0,15in (4mm)
Gaskets:	Removable silicon
Cable gland:	Polyamide PA66   PG16   Ø 0,55in (14mm) MAX
Screws and bolts:	AISI 304 stainless steel
Fixture color:	GMR light   Others on request
Silkscreen color:	RAL 9005

### LED FEATURES

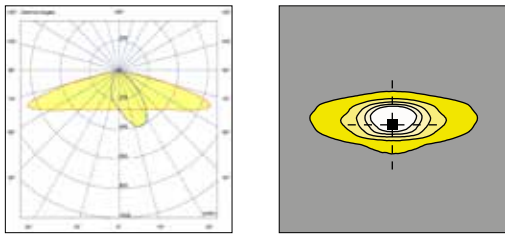
LED data 4.000 K - 640mA:	700 lm/LED   181 lm/W   77°F (25°C) [Tj]   ≤ 3 step MacAdam
Color temperature:	2.200K   2.700K   3.000 K   4.000 K   CRI ≥ 70

### OPTIONAL

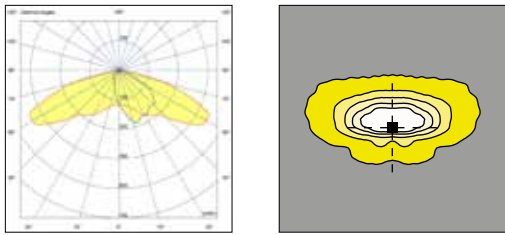
Additional surge protector device:	SPD   Max peak current 10kV/5kA 8/20µs
Additional surge protector device SPD 400:	SPD   Max peak current 10kV 8/20µs + permanent overvoltage protection higher than 270Vac
Electrical equipment:	1,64ft (0,5m) power cable with 2-3 or 4-5 core connector Disconnecter and cable clamp   cross section AWG14 ÷ AWG6
Optional functions:	DALI2   D4i
Connectors and sockets:	NM (Nema Socket)   ZS (Zhaga Socket)

### ASYMMETRICAL DISTRIBUTION\\

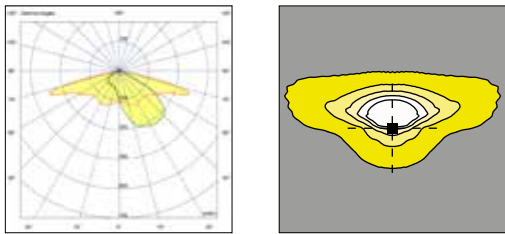
2A



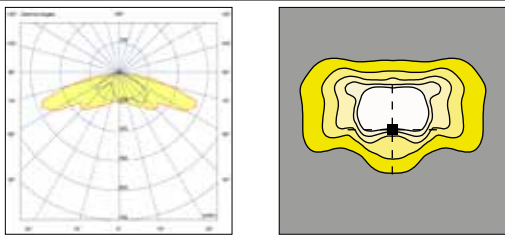
2B



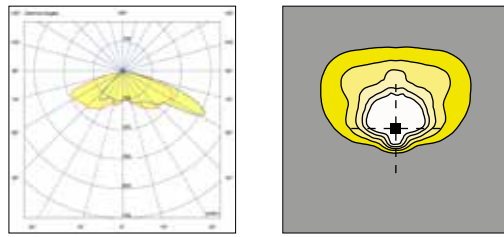
2C



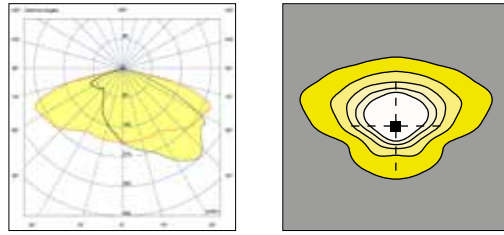
2D



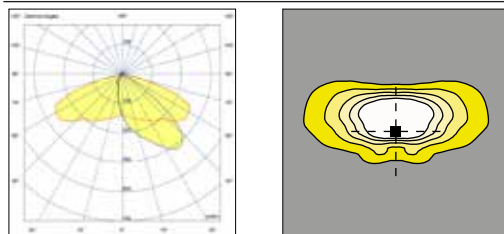
3D



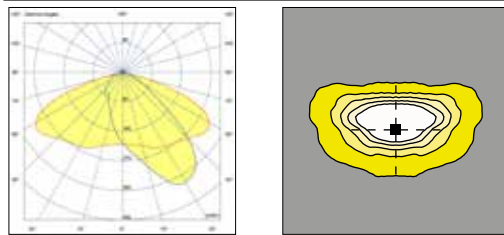
3E



3F

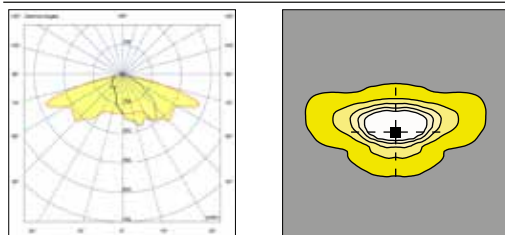


3G

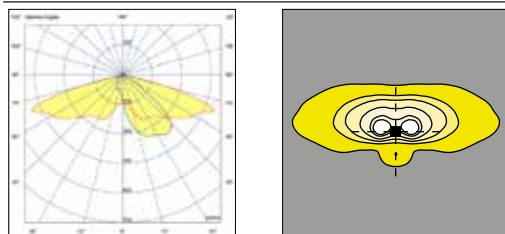


### ASYMMETRICAL DISTRIBUTION\\

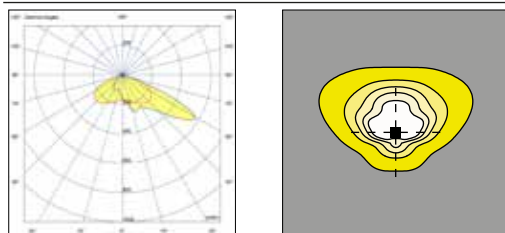
3A



3B

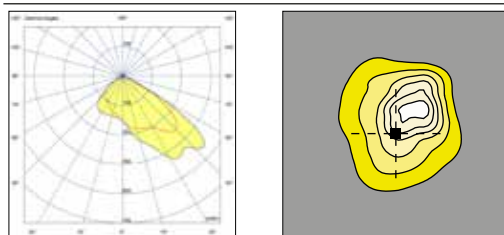


3C

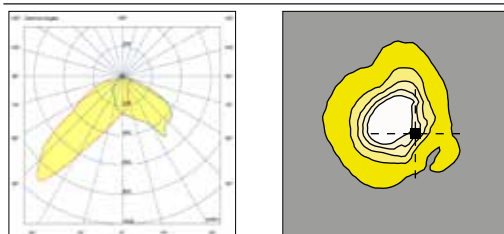


### PEDESTRIAN PATHS\\




4A



4B



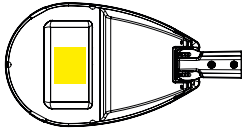
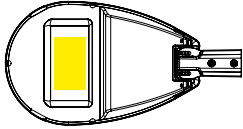
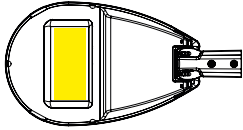
The LED modules nominal data refers only to the LED light sources in a standard version, with 4000 K color temperature, color rendering index CRI 70 min. and a junction temperature  $t_j$  of 77°F (25°C). The LED nominal data are extrapolated from the manufacturer documentations.

LED code		I LED [mA]	I [mA]	Luminous flux [lm]	Power LED [W]	Efficiency [lm/W]
GL08		175	350	6004	30,4	197
		265	525	8880	46,6	191
		350	700	11237	63,1	178
		525	1050	15007	96,9	155
GL10		175	350	7505	38,0	197
		265	525	10777	58,1	185
		350	700	13826	78,8	176
		475	950	17073	108,8	157
GL12		175	350	8943	45,6	196
		265	525	12544	69,6	180
		350	700	16196	94,4	172
		400	800	17952	108,7	165

The lighting fixture measured data refers to GMR ENLIGHTS products in a standard version, with 4000 K color temperature, optica type 3G and an ambient temperature  $t_a$  of 77°F(25 °C).

**GMR ENLIGHTS offers the possibility of driving the device with custom currents (•).**

Feature availability is subject to configurations. To obtain luminous fluxes and efficiencies of the lighting fixture in case of optic type and/or color temperature and/or color rendering index different from the standard use the conversion factors shown in the tables.

Order code: LF5_GLxx	I LED [mA]	I [mA]	Luminous flux [lm]	Power LED [W]	Efficiency [lm/W]
<b>GL08</b> 	175	350	5908	34,0	174
	265	525	8738	50,5	173
	350	700	11057	68,0	163
	525	1050	14766	103,5	143
<b>GL10</b> 	175	350	7385	42,0	176
	265	525	10604	63,0	168
	350	700	13605	85,0	160
	475	950	16800	116,5	144
<b>GL12</b> 	175	350	8800	50,5	174
	265	525	12343	75,5	163
	350	700	15936	101,5	157
	400	800	17665	117,0	151

### OPTIC CONVERSION FACTOR LUMINOUS FLUX

Optic type	Flux multiplier
1A   2B   3G	1,00
2C   4B	0,99
1B   2A   3C   3D   4A   5A	0,98
2D   3E   3F   3H	0,97
3A   3B	0,96

### Tk CONVERSION FACTOR LUMINOUS FLUX

Tk [K]	Flux multiplier
2.200	0,86
2.700	0,94
3.000	0,97

### CRI CONVERSION FACTOR LUMINOUS FLUX

CRI (color render index)	Flux multiplier
70	1,00
80	0,91

(\*) See pag: Available optical system, to check the optic type availability.

(\*\*) See pag: Technical data, to check the colour temperature availability.

# Functions

## Standard functionality

### Fixed current

During production, the light fixture is pre-set with a fixed current amongst the standard settings that appear in the tables on page 3. Upon customer's request, it is also possible to set a specific current (custom setting).

### Virtual Midnight | Automatic dimming

The driver is programmed to automatically dim the light output according to the time. As required by regulations, the maximum output is set during initial hours and towards the end of the light fixture's operating time interval. During these hours there is statistically more traffic. The light output is then dimmed during the central hours of the operating time interval. This management is achievable through a self-learning process of the device, that establishes the centre point of the time interval. This moment is called "virtual midnight" and it is the point that the dimming profile refers to in order to know when to reduce the light output. We can manage up to 8hrs of programming that evolve around the virtual midnight and up to 5 steps of dimming. This way the light output will adjust automatically, adapting throughout the year to the duration of the nighttime, by referring to the pre-set parameters based on the centre point of the operating time interval.

### CLO Constant Lumen Output

LEDs over time are inevitably subject to performance depreciation. This light reduction may be compensated by gradually increasing the LED's current during its lifespan, this corresponds to a gradual increase of lumen output proportional to the amount that is naturally depreciated.

## On request functionality

### DALI2 Control and monitoring system

On request, the fixture can be fitted with a DALI2 communication interface. This protocol allows it to be monitored and controlled remotely through use of Dali control buses.

### D4i

On request, the fixture can be equipped with a D4i certified power supply. This is the ideal solution for wireless sensors and/or controls. This system was developed to integrate various systems to address smart city requirements. Included is DALI2 protocol + auxiliary power (AUX) to supply power to devices and sensors. This system is usually required when using a Zhaga Lumawise socket.

### LINESWITCH

This functionality by using an extra wire within the streetlight's power line, allows to dimmer to a pre-set level. For example, a centralised timer can change this value from 100% to 50%, and vice versa.

### AMPDIM

This feature allows dimming using the power line controlled by an upstream flow regulator. For this feature, the flow controller must use amplitude modulation (AM).

### NEMA | Nema Socket (7 PIN)

The Nema Socket is a 7 PIN connector/socket with IP66 rating, that is fitted on the fixture to make it interfaceable with various ANSI C136 compliant devices and remote-control gear. These devices can be installed during or after installation of the light fixtures. The NEMA socket can provide power interruption and is interfaceable with DALI buses and/or 1-10V dimming. It is compatible with point-to-point node connection, and twilight sensors ect.

### ZHAGA Lumawise Zhaga Socket (4 PIN)

The Lumawise Zhaga socket is a small and compact 4 Pin connector/socket, that fits ideally with the design of GMR ENLIGHTS fixtures. With ZHAGA Lumawise sockets it is possible install the devices, sensors, ZHAGA remote controls during or after installation of the light fixtures. This socket is usually required in conjunction with the DALI Sensor feature, which involves a DALI2/D4i communication protocol in addition to 12/24V auxiliary port to supply power to the sensors. It is compatible with point-to-point wireless control solutions and SMART CITY applications to control and monitor the public lighting infrastructure.

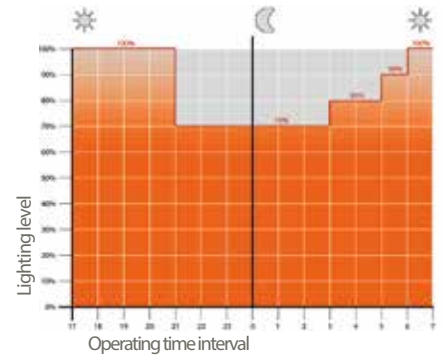
### PRESENCE SENSOR

The product can be equipped with a presence sensor type zhaga book 18 in the lower part of the luminaire. In this case the lighting body is provided with Zhaga socket and Driver D4i. It is very important to carefully evaluate the installation context (height and underlying area) according to the sensing diagram of the device.

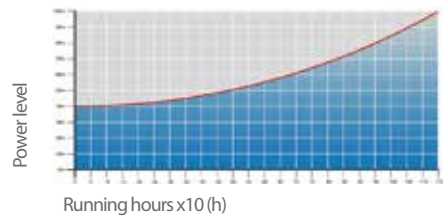
### Third-party remote control

GMR ENLIGHTS fixtures are compatible with most third-party remote controls, powerline communication systems, wired systems (buses) and wireless systems.

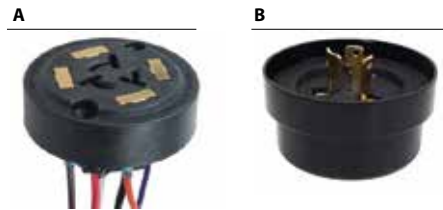
Example of 4-step adjustment with virtual midnight



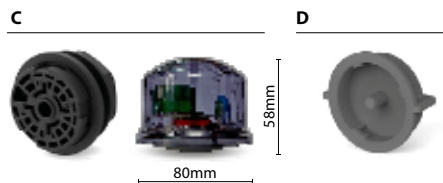
CLO Light Flow Compensation



7 Pin Nema Socket 7 (A) and IP66 shorting cap (B)



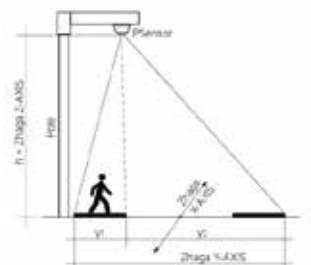
4 Pin Lumawise Zhaga Socket (C) and IP66 cap (D)



Installation example of Lumawise Zhaga



Installation example of presence sensor



For these versions, the TIMELESS plus, only on the wiring plate, is not available

## Protection cycles

GMR ENLIGHTS works with cast iron, steel and aluminum. The materials are selected and processed to maximize performance and quality.

### GALVANIZED STEEL

#### Protection of galvanized steel surfaces for poles

The protection of galvanized steel elements is achieved by following steps:

- Micro sandblasting;
- First epoxy layer application followed by: Wilting > Drying > Cooling;
- Acrylic glaze layer application followed by: Wilting > Drying > Cooling;
- Packing at least after 24-hour-drying at room temperature.

#### Protection of galvanized steel surfaces for brackets and pastorals

The protection of the galvanized steel elements is achieved thanks to:

- Micro sandblasting;
- Phosphoric pickling bath at a ph level ranging from 1.5 to 3;
- Rinsing with demineralised water;
- First powder layer application;
- Kiln firing;
- Application of a final powder layer;
- Kiln roasting of the final powder layer at 356°F (180°C);
- Cooling.

### CAST IRON

#### Protection of cast iron surfaces for bases

The protection of cast iron elements is achieved by the following treatments:

- Surface micro shotblasting;
- Mono-component dip galvanizing followed by: Wilting > Drying > Cooling;
- Epoxy micaceous primer application followed by: Wilting > Drying > Cooling;
- Acrylic enamel application followed by: Wilting > Drying > Cooling;
- Packing at least after 24-hour-drying at room temperature.

### DIE-CAST ALUMINIUM

#### Protection of die-cast aluminium surfaces for lighting fixtures, tops, collars, brackets and pastorals

Lighting fixtures, brackets, pastoral, and die-cast accessories undergo a cycle of powder painting which creates a barrier against the corrosion of metal parts. Moreover this barrier makes the finished product comply with design specifications in terms of surface roughness, color and reflectance.

The cycle consists of the following steps:

- Micro sandblasting;
- Hot pickling bath in a zinc-based phosphodegreasing solution;
- Specific process for the preparation of surfaces before painting;
- Washing with water;
- Rinsing with demineralised water and subsequent drying;
- First powder layer application followed by kiln baking at 356°F (180°C);
- Final powder layer application using a High Durability product and final kiln roasting at 356°F (180°C).



#### Salt spray test

The top quality of such treatments is confirmed by salt spray tests performed in accordance with standard ISO 9227:2017 Neutral Salt Spray test (NSS).

The test was carried out for 8.000 hours at 95°F (35°C) and demonstrated through the report test released.



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