

# **HIBRA**wallplus

# Hibra wall plus

## Technical data

**INSTALL:** Indoor

### ACCESSIBILITY



#### Timeless

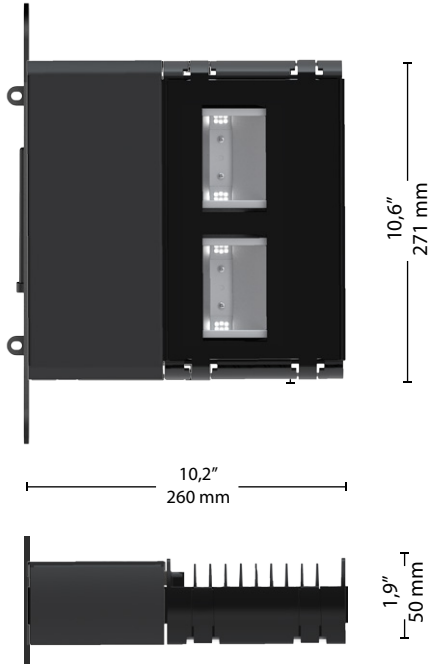
Tool-free openable fixture.  
Replaceable internal components  
without the need of tools.

### OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY



#### Reflexa

Refracting optical system consist of  
single-chip LED, aluminium reflector  
extra-pure with silver PDV treatment  
and extra clear tempered glass.



Scale: 1:10

### Max. weight

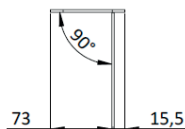
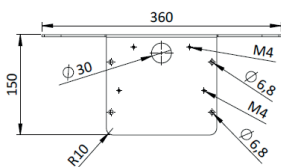
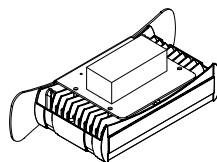
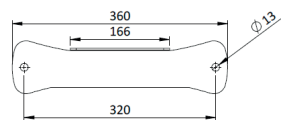
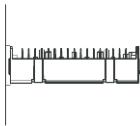
HWP: 4,8 Kg

### EPA (CXS)

Plan: 0,77 ft<sup>2</sup> (0,072 m<sup>2</sup>)

### FIXING TYPE

On wall



Infographic related to the Hibra family and not to the single product

### STANDARD

Compliance: UL Standard 1598-CSA C22,2no.250.0.

### CONFORMITY | PROTECTION

#### Conformity



#### Salt spray test

ISO 9227



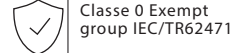
#### Safety classes



#### Protection classes



#### Photobiological safety



### PLUS



### LIGHTING FIXTURE FEATURES

#### General features

Power source:	120-277V   50/60Hz   tolerance +/-10%
Current supply:	350 mA   525 mA   700 mA   1050 mA (P <sub>max</sub> = 83W)
Power Factor   THD:	≥0.95   <10 % (At full load)
Expected life (Ta=77°F 25°C):	> 100.000 h   L90B10   @ LED 700mA
Operational temperature (Ta):	T <sub>min</sub> = -40°F (-40°C)   T <sub>max</sub> = 131°F (55°C)   700 mA 122°F (50°C)   79,5W
Storage temperature:	-40°F/+176°F (-40°C/+80°C)
Overcharge protection:	Main surge immunity up to 10kV
Standard functions:	Current fixed   Virtual midnight   1-10V CLO

#### Materials

Lighting fixture:	Powder coated Die cast aluminium   EN1706
Optical system:	Aluminum reflector with silver PVD treatment, purity 99.7% oxidized and polished.
Screen:	Screen-printed ultraclear tempered glass   Th. 0,15in (4mm)
Fixing plate:	Galvanized steel S235
Gaskets:	Removable silicon
Cable gland:	Polyamide PA66   PG16   Ø 0,55in (14mm) MAX
Screws and bolts:	AISI 304 stainless steel
Fixture color:	RAL 9005

### LED FEATURES

LED data 4.000 K - 700mA:	340 lm/LED   180 lm/W   77°F (25°C) [Tj]   ≤ 3 step MacAdam
Color temperature:	3.000 K   4.000 K   5.700 K   CRI ≥ 70

### OPTIONAL

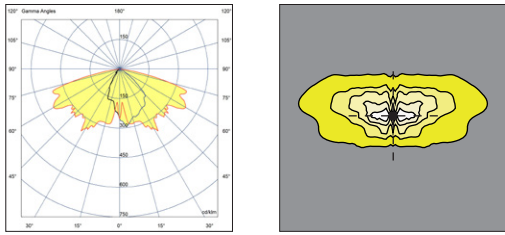
Additional surge protector device:	SPD   Max peak current 10kV/kA 8/20µs
Electrical optional:	1,64ft (0,5m) power cable with 2-3 or 4-5 core connector
Optional functions:	DALI-DALI2   DALI SENSOR   Presence sensor
Connectors and sockets:	NM (Nema Socket)   LM (Lumawise Zhaga Socket)
Smart sensors:	Zhaga type presence sensors

# Hibra wall plus

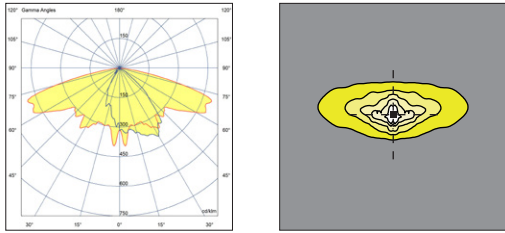
## Available optical system

### ASYMMETRICAL DISTRIBUTION \ \

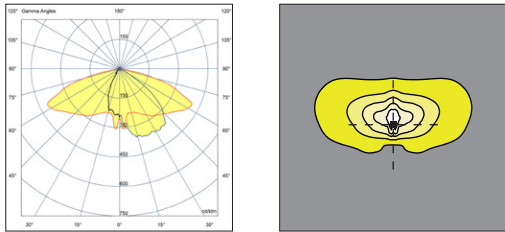
R2A



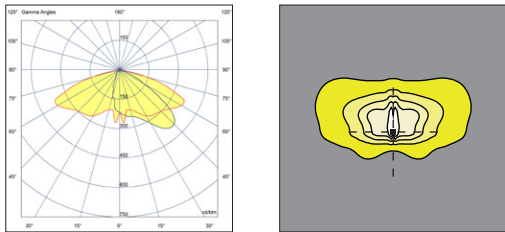
R2B



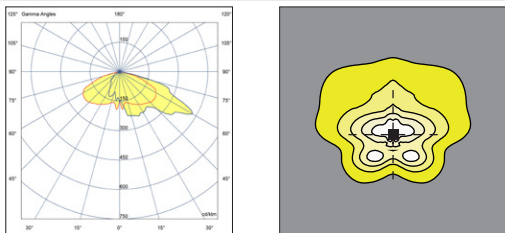
R3A



R3B



R3C






R2B



R3A

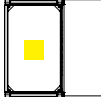
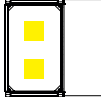
The LED modules nominal data refers only to the LED light sources in a standard version, with 4000 K color temperature, color rendering index CRI 70 min. and a junction temperature  $t_j$  of 77°F (25°C). The LED nominal data are extrapolated from the manufacturer documentations.

LED code		(*) I [mA]	Luminous flux [lm]	Power [W]	Efficiency [lm/W]
RF03		350	2377	11,9	200
		525	3374	18,2	185
		700	4282	24,7	174
		1050	5850	38,0	154
RF06	 	350	4667	23,6	198
		525	6622	36,2	183
		700	8402	49,1	171
		1050	11473	75,6	152

The lighting fixture measured data refers to GMR ENLIGHTS products in a standard version, with 4000 K color temperature, optica type R3A and an ambient temperature  $t_a$  of 77°F(25 °C).

**GMR ENLIGHTS offers the possibility of driving the device with custom currents (\*).**

Feature availability is subject to configurations. To obtain luminous fluxes and efficiencies of the lighting fixture in case of optic type and/or color temperature and/or color rendering index different from the standard use the conversion factors shown in the tables.

		(*) I [mA]	Luminous flux [lm]	Power [W]	Efficiency [lm/W]
RF03		350	2234	15,0	149
		525	3171	21,5	147
		700	4024	28,5	141
		1050	5497	42,5	129
RF06		350	4385	28,0	157
		525	6223	40,5	154
		700	7896	55,0	144
		1050	10781	83,0	130

### OPTIC CONVERSION FACTOR LUMINOUS FLUX

Optic type	Flux multiplier
R2A	0,99
R2B	0,98
R3B   R3C	1,00
R9A	1,00
R9B	0,98
R10A	0,99

### Tk CONVERSION FACTOR LUMINOUS FLUX

Tk [K]	Flux multiplier
3.000	0,94
5.700	1,01

### CRI CONVERSION FACTOR LUMINOUS FLUX

CRI (color render index)	Flux multiplier
70	1,00
80	0,93

(\*) See pag: Available optical system, to check the optic type availability.

(\*\*) See pag: Technical data, to check the colour temperature availability.

# Functions

## Standard functionality

### Fixed current

During production, the light fixture is pre-set with a fixed current amongst the standard settings that appear in the tables on page 3. Upon customer's request, it is also possible to set a specific current (custom setting).

### Virtual Midnight | Automatic dimming

The driver is programmed to automatically dim the light output according to the time. As required by regulations, the maximum output is set during initial hours and towards the end of the light fixture's operating time interval. During these hours there is statistically more traffic. The light output is then dimmed during the central hours of the operating time interval. This management is achievable through a self-learning process of the device, that establishes the centre point of the time interval. This moment is called "virtual midnight" and it is the point that the dimming profile refers to in order to know when to reduce the light output. We can manage up to 8hrs of programming that evolve around the virtual midnight and up to 5 steps of dimming. This way the light output will adjust automatically, adapting throughout the year to the duration of the nighttime, by referring to the pre-set parameters based on the centre point of the operating time interval.

### CLO Constant Lumen Output

LEDs over time are inevitably subject to performance depreciation. This light reduction may be compensated by gradually increasing the LED's current during its lifespan, this corresponds to a gradual increase of lumen output proportional to the amount that is naturally depreciated.

## On request functionality

### DALI2 Control and monitoring system

On request, the fixture can be fitted with a DALI2 communication interface. This protocol allows it to be monitored and controlled remotely through use of Dali control buses.

### D4i

On request, the fixture can be equipped with a D4i certified power supply. This is the ideal solution for wireless sensors and/or controls. This system was developed to integrate various systems to address smart city requirements. Included is DALI2 protocol + auxiliary power (AUX) to supply power to devices and sensors. This system is usually required when using a Zhaga Lumawise socket.

### LINESWITCH

This functionality by using an extra wire within the streetlight's power line, allows to dimmer to a pre-set level. For example, a centralised timer can change this value from 100% to 50%, and vice versa.

### AMPDIM

This feature allows dimming using the power line controlled by an upstream flow regulator. For this feature, the flow controller must use amplitude modulation (AM).

### NEMA | Nema Socket (7 PIN)

The Nema Socket is a 7 PIN connector/socket with IP66 rating, that is fitted on the fixture to make it interfaceable with various ANSI C136 compliant devices and remote-control gear. These devices can be installed during or after installation of the light fixtures. The NEMA socket can provide power interruption and is interfaceable with DALI buses and/or 1-10V dimming. It is compatible with point-to-point node connection, and twilight sensors etc.

### ZHAGA Lumawise Zhaga Socket (4 PIN)

The Lumawise Zhaga socket is a small and compact 4 Pin connector/socket, that fits ideally with the design of GMR ENLIGHTS fixtures. With ZHAGA Lumawise sockets it is possible install the devices, sensors, ZHAGA remote controls during or after installation of the light fixtures. This socket is usually required in conjunction with the DALI Sensor feature, which involves a DALI2/D4i communication protocol in addition to 12/24V auxiliary port to supply power to the sensors. It is compatible with point-to-point wireless control solutions and SMART CITY applications to control and monitor the public lighting infrastructure.

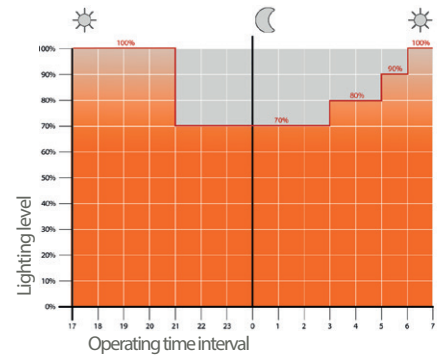
### PRESENCE SENSOR

The product can be equipped with a presence sensor type zhaga book 18 in the lower part of the luminaire. In this case the lighting body is provided with Zhaga socket and Driver D4i. It is very important to carefully evaluate the installation context (height and underlying area) according to the sensing diagram of the device.

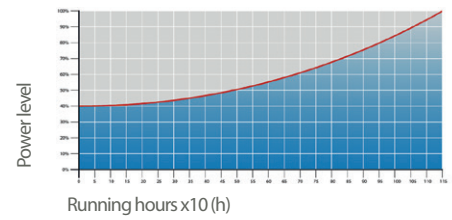
### Third-party remote control

GMR ENLIGHTS fixtures are compatible with most third-party remote controls, powerline communication systems, wired systems (buses) and wireless systems.

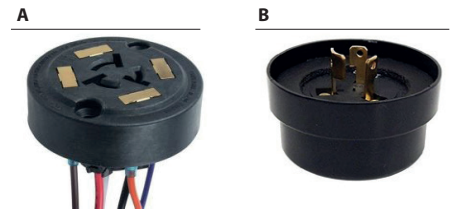
### Example of 4-step adjustment with virtual midnight



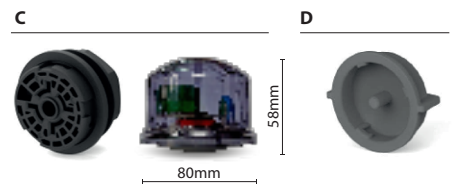
### CLO Light Flow Compensation



### 7 Pin Nema Socket 7 (A) and IP66 shorting cap (B)



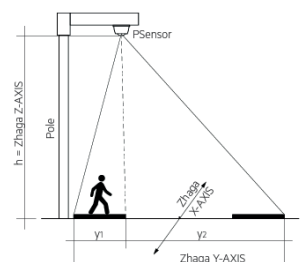
### 4 Pin Lumawise Zhaga Socket (C) and IP66 cap (D)



### Installation example of Lumawise Zhaga



### Installation example of presence sensor



## Protection cycles

GMR ENLIGHTS works with cast iron, steel and aluminum. The materials are selected and processed to maximize performance and quality.

### GALVANIZED STEEL

#### Protection of galvanized steel surfaces for poles

The protection of galvanized steel elements is achieved by following steps:

- Micro sandblasting;
- First epoxy layer application followed by: Wilting > Drying > Cooling;
- Acrylic glaze layer application followed by: Wilting > Drying > Cooling;
- Packing at least after 24-hour-drying at room temperature.

#### Protection of galvanized steel surfaces for brackets and pastorals

The protection of the galvanized steel elements is achieved thanks to:

- Micro sandblasting;
- Phosphoric pickling bath at a ph level ranging from 1.5 to 3;
- Rinsing with demineralised water;
- First powder layer application;
- Kiln firing;
- Application of a final powder layer;
- Kiln roasting of the final powder layer at 180°C (356°F);
- Cooling.

### CAST IRON

#### Protection of cast iron surfaces for bases

The protection of cast iron elements is achieved by the following treatments:

- Surface micro shotblasting;
- Mono-component dip galvanizing followed by: Wilting > Drying > Cooling;
- Epoxy micaceous primer application followed by: Wilting > Drying > Cooling;
- Acrylic enamel application followed by: Wilting > Drying > Cooling;
- Packing at least after 24-hour-drying at room temperature.

### DIE-CAST ALUMINIUM

#### Protection of die-cast aluminium surfaces for lighting fixtures, tops, collars, brackets and pastorals

Lighting fixtures, brackets, pastoral, and die-cast accessories undergo a cycle of powder painting which creates a barrier against the corrosion of metal parts. Moreover this barrier makes the finished product comply with design specifications in terms of surface roughness, color and reflectance.

The cycle consists of the following steps:

- Micro sandblasting;
- Hot pickling bath in a zinc-based phosphodegreasing solution;
- Specific process for the preparation of surfaces before painting;
- Washing with water;
- Rinsing with demineralised water and subsequent drying;
- First powder layer application followed by kiln baking at 180°C (356°F);
- Final powder layer application using a High Durability product and final kiln roasting at 180°C (356°F).



#### Salt spray test

The top quality of such treatments is confirmed by salt spray tests performed in accordance with standard ISO 9227:2017 Neutral Salt Spray test (NSS).

The test was carried out for 8.000 hours at 35°C (95°F) and demonstrated through the report test released.



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